Surveys for Foodborne Pathogens on Nuts: Tables and References

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* A previous version of this document is available on the website in the "Archived Documents, Nuts and Nut Pastes" folder.

Table 1. Prevalence of Salmonella on naturally contaminated nuts

Table 2. Prevalence of Salmonella on naturally contaminated edible seeds

Table 3. Levels of Salmonella in positive samples of naturally contaminated nuts and edible seeds

Table 4. Prevalence of other foodborne pathogens (non-Salmonella) or generic E. coli on naturally contaminated nuts and edible seeds

Type of nut	Where collected	Sample size (g) ^a	No. of samples tested (<i>n</i>)	No. positive for <i>Salmonella</i>	Percent positive (if <i>n</i> >50)	Salmonella serotype	References
Almond, raw kernel	Processor receiving, California	100	14,949	146	0.98 ± 0.29 (for 2001–07, 2010, and unpublished)	Enteritidis, Montevideo, Senftenberg, Thompson, Typhimurium, and 36 others	Bansal et al., 2010; Danyluk et al., 2007; Lambertini et al., 2012; Harris, unpublished [2013 data]; Santillana Farakos et al., 2017
Almond, raw (inshell)	Processor receiving, California	100	455	7	1.5 (for 2006–07)	Give, Muenchen, Newport, Thompson, Typhimurium, IIIa:18:z32	Bansal et al., 2010
Almond, raw kernel	Processor receiving, Australia	25	60	1	1.7	Fremantle subsp. II	Eglezos et al., 2008
Almond, treated	RTE packages at processor, Australia	25	42	0			Eglezos, 2010
Almond, roasted	Retail, UK	25	83	0	0		Little et al., 2009
Almond, treated (roasted and unknown)	Retail, UK	25	359	0	0		Little et al., 2010
Almond (packaged, unpackaged, and nut product)	Retail, manufacturers, and growers, Australia	25	131	0	0		NSW Food Authority, 2012
Almond, inshell	Retail, Canada	25	86	0	0		CFIA, 2017
Almond, shelled	Retail, Canada	25	319	0	0		CFIA, 2017

Table 1. Prevalence of Salmonella on naturally contaminated nuts

Type of nut	Where collected	Sample size (g) ^a	No. of samples tested (<i>n</i>)	No. positive for <i>Salmonella</i>	Percent positive (if n>50)	Salmonella serotype	References
Brazil nut , raw (shelled)	Retail, Brazil	not given	two 2-kg samples, subsample size not given	not given	not given	Typhimurium	Freire and Offord, 2002
Brazil nut, raw (inshell, shelled)	Processor	50	20	0			Arrus et al., 2005
Brazil nut, raw	Processor receiving, Australia	25	60	0	0		Eglezos et al., 2008
Brazil nut, raw (shelled)	Retail, US (prepacked, conventional and organically grown)	375	296	0	0		Zhang et al., 2021
Brazil nut, roasted	Retail, UK	25	218	0	0		Little et al., 2009
Brazil nut, treated	Retail, UK	25	469	2	0.4	Senftenberg, Tennessee	Little et al., 2010
Brazil nut, treated	RTE packages at processor, Australia	25	40	0			Eglezos, 2010
Brazil nut (packaged, unpackaged, and nut product)	Retail and manufacturers, Australia	25	62	0	0		NSW Food Authority, 2012
Brazil nut, inshell	Retail, Canada	25	7	0			CFIA, 2017
Brazil nut, shelled	Retail, Canada	25	67	0	0		CFIA, 2017
Cashew, raw	Processor receiving, Australia	25	100	0	0		Eglezos et al., 2008
Cashew, raw (shelled)	Retail, US (prepacked, conventional and organically grown)	375	733	4	0.55	Brunei, Give, Nima, Weltevreden	Zhang et al., 2017
Cashew, raw	Retail, US (prepacked, conventional and organically grown)	375	510	1	0.20	Mbandaka	Zhang et al., 2021
Cashew, roasted	Retail, UK	25	130	0	0		Little et al., 2009
Cashew, treated	Retail, UK	25	459	0	0		Little et al., 2010
Cashew, treated	RTE packages at processor, Australia	25	45	0			Eglezos, 2010

Type of nut	Where collected	Sample size (g) ^a	No. of samples tested (<i>n</i>)	No. positive for <i>Salmonella</i>	Percent positive (if <i>n</i> >50)	Salmonella serotype	References
Cashew (packaged, unpackaged, and nut product)	Retail and manufacturers, Australia	25	117	0	0		NSW Food Authority, 2012
Cashew	Retail, Canada	25	201	0	0		CFIA, 2017
Chestnut, inshell	Retail, Canada	25	30	0			CFIA, 2017
Chestnut, shelled	Retail, Canada	25	5	0			CFIA, 2017
Coconut	Husked nuts from 5 countries	25 ml of lactose broth rinse (from 100 ml/nut)	15	<4/shell			Kajs et al., 1976
Coconut, desiccated	Imports from Sri Lanka (Ceylon), sampled in Australia	not given	35	9		Paratyphi B (1/9 samples), Butantan, Edinberg, Perth	Kovacs, 1959
Coconut, desiccated (shred, flake, flour)	Imports from Sri Lanka (Ceylon), sampled in UK	20-25 g (duplicate samples)	851	76	9.2	Paratyphi B (15/78 isolates) and 17 others	Galbraith et al., 1960
Coconut, desiccated	Port receiving, England	not given	8,265	479	5.8	Paratyphi B (42/479) and others	Summarized by Semple et al., 1961
Coconut, desiccated	Processing mills, Sri Lanka (Ceylon)	20	1,363	31	2.3	Paratyphi B, Typhimurium, Senftenberg, 6 others	Velaudapillai et al., 1963
Hazelnut, raw	Processor receiving, Australia	25	48	0		-	Eglezos et al., 2008
Hazelnut, raw (shelled)	Retail, US (prepacked conventional and organically grown)	375	577	2	0.35	Escanaba, Typhimurium	Zhang et al., 2017
Hazelnut, raw (shelled)	Retail, US (prepacked conventional and organically grown)	375	487	0			Zhang et al., 2021
Hazelnut, roasted	Retail, UK	25	38	0			Little et al., 2009
Hazelnut, treated	Retail, UK	25	195	0	0		Little et al, 2010
Hazelnut, treated	RTE packages at processor, Australia	25	51	0	0		Eglezos, 2010
Hazelnut (packaged,	Retail, manufacturers, and	25	34	0			NSW Food Authority, 2012

Type of nut	Where collected	Sample size (g) ^{<i>a</i>}	No. of samples tested (n)	No. positive for <i>Salmonella</i>	Percent positive (if <i>n</i> >50)	Salmonella serotype	References
unpackaged, and nut product)	growers, Australia				· · ·		
Hazelnut, inshell	Retail, US (prepacked conventional and organically grown)	375	80	0	0		Zhang et al., 2017
Hazelnut, inshell	Processors, US (after first drying stage)	375	472	157	33.3 (for 2013–14)	(not determined)	Letchworth, 2020
Hazelnut, inshell	Retail, Canada	25	696	3	0.43	(not determined)	CFIA, 2017
Hazelnut, shelled	Retail, Canada	25	870	0	0		CFIA, 2017
Macadamia, raw	Processors	not given	93	1	N/A ^b		St. Clair and Klenk, 1990
Macadamia, raw (shelled)	Retail, US (prepacked conventional and organically grown)	375	355	15	4.20	Diarizonae, Florida, Gaminara, Heidelberg, Mbandaka, Orientalis, Plymouth, Shamba, Uzaramo, Worthington, II 42:r:-, IIIb	Zhang et al., 2017
Macadamia, raw (shelled)	Retail, US (prepacked conventional and organically grown)	375	278	7	2.52	Give, Muenchen, Urbana, <i>diarizonae</i> O61, <i>diarizonae</i> N.N.	Zhang et al., 2021
Macadamia, roasted	Retail, UK	25	14	0			Little et al., 2009
Macadamia, treated	Retail, UK	25	65	0	0		Little et al., 2010
Macadamia (packaged, unpackaged, and nut product)	Retail, manufacturers, and growers, Australia	25	76	1	3	Aberdeen	NSW Food Authority, 2012
Macadamia, shelled	Retail, Canada	25	5	0			CFIA, 2017
Peanut , raw (whole, shelled)	Retail, Scotland	25	4 (2 whole, 2 shelled)	0			Candlish et al., 2001
Peanut, raw	Processor receiving, Australia	25	653	0	0		Eglezos et al., 2008
Peanut, raw shelled (runner	Processors, US	350	10,162	68	0.67 (average for	Serotyping not done; PFGE indicated multiple	Miksch et al., 2013

Type of nut	Where collected	Sample size (g) ^a	No. of samples tested (<i>n</i>)	No. positive for <i>Salmonella</i>	Percent positive (if <i>n</i> >50)	Salmonella serotype	References
type)					2009–11)	serotypes	
Peanut, raw shelled	Processors, US	375	944	22	2.3	Agona, Anatum, Dessau, Braenderup, Hartford, Meleagridis, Muenchen, Rodepoort, Tennessee, Tornow, sp. C(1):m,t, sp. G(1):b;-	Calhoun et al., 2013
Peanut, raw shelled	Processors, US	375	2,506	41	1.63	Agona, Anatum, Bardo, Braenderup, Cannstatt, Dessau, Gaminara, Litchfield, Hartford, Inverness, Mbandaka, Meleagridis, Muenchen, Newport, Pakistan, Rodepoort, Rubislaw, Tennessee, Tornow, sp. C(1):m,t, sp. G(1):b;-	Calhoun et al., 2018, 2019
Peanut, shelled (raw and treated)	Processors, Brazil	250 (10 × 25)	125	0	0		Nascimento et al., 2018
Peanut, shelled (raw and treated)	Retail, Brazil	250 (10 × 25)	25	0	N/A		Nascimento et al., 2018
Peanut, shelled	Retail (bulk), Mexico	25	70	22	31.4	Tennessee	Aguilar-Vázquez et al., 2022
Peanut, roasted	Retail, UK	25	26	0			Little et al., 2009
Peanut, treated	RTE packages at processor, Australia	25	343	0	0		Eglezos, 2010
Peanut, treated	RTE packages, retail. UK	25	148	0	0		Little et al., 2010
Peanut (packaged, unpackaged, and nut product)	Retail and manufacturers, Australia	25	196	0	0		NSW Food Authority, 2012
Peanut, inshell	Growers, Brazil	250 (10 × 25)	129	6	4.7	Miami, Muenster	Nascimento et al., 2018
Peanut, inshell	Processor receiving, Brazil	250 (10 × 25)	20	0			Nascimento et al., 2018
Peanut, inshell	Processor drying, Brazil	250 (10 × 25)	40	2	N/A	Javiana, Oranienburg	Nascimento et al., 2018
Peanut, inshell	Retail, Brazil	250 (10 × 25)	3	1	N/A	Glostrup, Miami	Nascimento et al., 2018

Type of nut	Where collected	Sample size (g) ^a	No. of samples tested (<i>n</i>)	No. positive for <i>Salmonella</i>	Percent positive (if n>50)	Salmonella serotype	References
Peanut, inshell	Retail, Canada	25	233	0	0		CFIA, 2017
Peanut, shelled	Retail, Canada	25	106	0	0		CFIA, 2017
Pecan , raw (shelled)	Retail, US (prepacked conventional and organically grown)	375	623	0			Zhang et al., 2017
Pecan, raw (shelled)	Retail, US (prepacked conventional and organically grown)	375	510	0			Zhang et al., 2021
Pecan, inshell	Processors, US	100	4,641	44	0.95% (average for 2010–14)	31 serotypes, including: Braenderup (7%); Enteritidis (12%); Javiana (9%); Livingstone (5%); Newport (5%); Oranienburg (5%)	Brar et al., 2016
Pecan, roasted	Retail, UK	25	25	0		Grainen 21.9 (070)	Little et al., 2009
Pecan, treated	Retail, UK	25	151	0			Little et al., 2010
Pecan (packaged, unpackaged)	Retail, manufacturers, and growers, Australia	25	12	0			NSW Food Authority, 2012
Pecan, inshell	Retail, Canada	25	40	0			CFIA, 2017
Pecan, shelled	Retail, Canada	25	86	0	0		CFIA, 2017
Pecan, shelled	Retail (bulk), Mexico	25	70	28	40	Tennessee	Aguilar-Vázquez et al., 2022
Pine nut, raw (shelled)	Retail, US (prepacked conventional and organically grown)	375	630	3	0.48	Baildon, Derby, Thompson	Zhang et al., 2017
Pine nut, raw (shelled)	Retail, US (prepacked conventional and organically grown)	375	500	0			Zhang et al., 2021
Pine nut, roasted	Retail, UK	25	29	0			Little et al., 2009
Pine nut, shelled	Retail, Canada	25	43	0			CFIA, 2017

Type of nut	Where collected	Sample size (g) ^a	No. of samples tested (<i>n</i>)	No. positive for <i>Salmonella</i>	Percent positive (if <i>n</i> >50)	Salmonella serotype	References
Pistachio, raw whole	Retail, Scotland	25	2	0	· · · · ·		Candlish et al., 2001
Pistachio, raw (shelled)	Retail, US (prepacked conventional and organically grown)	375	295	7	2.37	Duisburg, Liverpool, Mbandaka, Montevideo, Senftenberg, Worthington	Zhang et al., 2021
Pistachio, raw inshell	Processor receiving, California	100	3,968	32	0.81 (average for 2010–12)	Enteritidis, Liverpool, Montevideo, Senftenberg, Tennessee, Worthington	Harris et al., 2016
Pistachio, roasted	Retail, UK	25	25	1	,	Havana	Little et al., 2009
Pistachio, treated (kernels, inshell)	Retail, UK	25	184 (kernels only, 73; inshell, 111)	0			Little et al., 2010
Pistachio (packaged, unpackaged, and nut product)	Retail, manufacturers, and growers, Australia	25	76	0	0		NSW Food Authority, 2012
Pistachio, inshell	Retail, Canada	25	481	0	0		CFIA, 2017
Pistachio, shelled	Retail, Canada	25	22	0			CFIA, 2017
Walnut, raw kernels	India (Kashmir and Jammu)	10	50	1	2	(not determined)	Riyaz-Ul-Hassan et al., 2003
Walnut, raw (shelled)	Retail, ÚS (prepacked conventional and organically grown)	375	658	8	1.22	Irumu, Montevideo, Muenchen, Oranienburg, Thompson	Zhang et al., 2017
Walnut, raw (shelled)	Retail, US	375	498	0	0		Hammack, 2018 [unpublished 2015–2016 survey data]; Santillana Farakos et al., 2019
Walnut, raw (shelled)	Retail, US (prepacked conventional and organically grown)	375	498	0			Zhang et al., 2021
Walnut, raw inshell	Processor, California	100	935	0	0 (2010)		Davidson et al., 2015
Walnut, raw inshell	Processor, California	375	2,903	4	0.14 (average for	Bovismorbificans, Enteritidis, Muenchen,	Davidson et al., 2015

Type of nut	Where collected	Sample size (g) ^a	No. of samples tested (<i>n</i>)	No. positive for <i>Salmonella</i>	Percent positive (if <i>n</i> >50)	Salmonella serotype	References
					2011–13)	Saintpaul	
Walnut, roasted	Retail, UK	25	74	0	0		Little et al., 2009
Walnut, treated	Retail, UK	25	441	0	0		Little et al., 2010
Walnut (packaged, unpackaged, and nut product)	Retail, manufacturers, and growers, Australia	25	80	0	0		NSW Food Authority, 2012
Walnut, inshell	Retail, Canada	25	792	2	0.25	(not determined)	CFIA, 2017
Walnut, shelled	Retail, Canada	25	874	0	0		CFIA, 2017
Mixed nuts, roasted	Retail, UK	25	63	0	0		Little et al., 2009
Mixed nuts, treated (almond, Brazil nut, cashew, peanut, walnut)	Retail, UK	25	105	1	1	Anatum	Little et al., 2010
Mixed nuts (packaged, unpackaged, and nut product)	Retail, manufacturers, and growers, Australia	25	131	0	0		NSW Food Authority, 2012
Mixed nuts, inshell	Retail, Canada	25	35	0			CFIA, 2017
Mixed nuts, shelled	Retail, Canada	25	14	0			CFIA, 2017
Other – 13 unpackaged nuts, seeds and snacks ^c	Retail, Turkey	10	217		Salmonella and E. coli were found in 2.77% of samples; incidence of Salmonella alone was not given	(not determined)	Vural and Erkan, 2008

^a Sample size is the size of the sample that was enriched and used to determine the prevalence (percent positive samples).

^b N/A, not applicable. The study was designed to compare the performance of several methods for recovering Salmonella from food; samples of macadamia included in the study were from lots that had already tested positive for Salmonella.

^c Nuts incl. almond, hazelnut, peanut, walnut, Antep [Turkish] pistachio, and mixed nuts; seeds incl. Dakota sunflower, melon, pumpkin, and watermelon; samples also incl. roasted chickpea, sauced roasted chickpea, and sauced roasted corn.

Type of seed or product	Where collected	Sample size (g) ^a	No. of samples tested (<i>n</i>)	No. positive for <i>Salmonella</i>	Percent positive (if <i>n</i> >50)	Salmonella serotype	References
Alfalfa	Retail, UK	25	58	1	1.7	(not given)	Willis et al., 2009
Amaranth	Retail, Mexico	25	100	15	15	(not given)	Juárez Arana et al., 2021
Chia	Retail, Mexico	25	100	31	31	(not given)	Juárez Arana et al., 2021
Chia	Retail, Portugal	25	18	0			Silva et al., 2022
Flax (linseed)	Retail, UK	25	284	1	0.4	(not given)	Willis et al., 2009
Flax	Retail, Portugal	25	18	0			Silva et al., 2022
Hemp	Retail, UK	25	121	0	0		Willis et al., 2009
Melon	Retail, UK	25	47	4	8.5	Unnamed (47:z4,z23:-)	Willis et al., 2009
Рорру	Retail, UK	25	202	0	0		Willis et al., 2009
Pumpkin	Retail, UK	25	886	0	0		Willis et al., 2009
Pumpkin	Retail, Portugal	25	18	0			Silva et al., 2022
Sesame	Retail, UK	25	771	13	1.7	Drypool Unnamed (47:z4,z23:-)	Willis et al., 2009
Sesame	Retail, Germany	25	16	2		Offa, Tennessee	Brockmann et al., 2004
Sesame	US points of entry (country of origin not specified)	375	177	20	11	Anatum, Bonn, Cerro, Give, Glostrup, Havana, Kentucky, Idikan, Llandoff, Mbandaka, Newport, Potsdam, Senftenberg, Tennessee, Weltevreden, Westminister, 3,10:b:-, <i>S. enterica</i> subspecies arizonae serotype 48:z4,z24:-	Van Doren et al., 2013a

 Table 2. Prevalence of Salmonella on naturally contaminated edible seeds

Type of seed or product	Where collected	Sample size (g) ^a	No. of samples tested (<i>n</i>)	No. positive for <i>Salmonella</i>	Percent positive (if <i>n</i> >50)	Salmonella serotype	References
Sesame	US points of entry (country of origin not specified)	1500	233	23	9.9	(not given)	Van Doren et al., 2013b
Sesame	Retail, Mexico	25	100	12	12	(not given)	Juárez Arana et al., 2021
Sesame	Retail, Italy	50	36	3		Montevideo, Stanleyville, Tilene	D'Oca et al., 2021
Sesame	Retail, Portugal	25	18	0			Silva et al., 2022
Sunflower	Retail, UK	25	976	1	0.1	(not given)	Willis et al., 2009
Sunflower	Retail, Portugal	25	18	0			Silva et al., 2022
Other – 13 unpackaged nuts, seeds and snacks ^b	Retail, Turkey	10	217		Salmonella and E. coli were found in 2.77% of samples; incidence of Salmonella alone not given	(not determined)	Vural and Erkan, 2008

^a Sample size is the size of the sample that was enriched and used to determine the prevalence (percent positive samples).

^b Nuts incl. almond, hazelnut, peanut, walnut, Antep [Turkish] pistachio, and mixed nuts; seeds incl. Dakota sunflower, melon, pumpkin, and watermelon; samples also incl. roasted chickpea, sauced roasted chickpea, and sauced roasted corn.

Type of nut or seed	Where collected	Sample size (g)	Salmonella levels (MPN/g)	References	
Nut					
Almond, raw kernel	Processor receiving, California	100 × 1 and 3 each: 25, 2.5, 0.25	96 samples: 0.0044 to 0.15 for 2002–06; 4 samples: 0.00080, 0.00080, 0.00095, 0.0034 for 2010; 10 samples: 0.002 to 0.032 for unpublished [2013 data]	Bansal et al., 2010; Danyluk et al., 2007; Lambertini et al., 2012; Harris, unpublished [201 data]	
Brazil nut, treated	Retail, UK	10 tube: 10	2 samples: 0.23, 0.09	Little et al., 2010	
Cashew, raw	Retail, US	3 tube: 100, 10, 1, 0.1, 0.01	1 sample: <0.003	Zhang et al., 2021	
Cashew, raw (kernel pieces	Processor, US (origin: Côte d'Ivoire)	50 (140 subsamples from two boxes [single lot] linked to 2020- 2021 outbreak)	0.0023 (95% confidence interval [0.0014, 0.0038]) for combined data from both boxes	Louvau and Harris, 2023	
Coconut, desiccated (shred, flake, flour)	Imports from Sri Lanka (Ceylon), sampled in UK	, Not given	<0.03	Galbraith et al., 1960	
Hazelnut, inshell	Processor drying, US	3 tube: 3 each (333, 33, 3)	154 samples: 0.00092 to 0.307 for 2013–14	Letchworth, 2020	
Macadamia, raw (shelled)	Retail, US	3 tube: 100, 10, 1, 0.1, 0.01	4 samples: <0.003 3 samples: 0.0036, 0.15, 0.75	Zhang et al., 2021	
Mixed nuts (almond, Brazil nut, cashew, peanut, walnut)	Retail, UK	10 tube: 10	<0.010	Little et al., 2010	
Peanut, inshell	Growers, Brazil	10 tube: 25	6 samples: 0.004 to 0.092	Nascimento et al., 2018	
Peanut, inshell	Processor drying, Brazil	10 tube: 25	2 samples: 0.004	Nascimento et al., 2018	
Peanut, inshell	Retail, Brazil	10 tube: 25	1 sample: 0.009	Nascimento et al., 2018	
Peanut, raw (shelled)	Processors, US	3 tube: 10, 1, 0.1	22 samples: <0.030 to 2.4	Calhoun et al., 2013	
Peanut, raw (shelled)	Processors, US	3 tube: 10, 1, 0.1	41 samples: <0.003 to 2.4	Calhoun et al., 2018, 2019	
Peanut, raw (shelled)	Processors, US	350 × 1 and 3 each: 100, 10, 1	56 samples: 0.0020 9 samples: 0.0048 to 0.015	Miksch et al., 2013	

Table 3. Levels of Salmonella in positive samples of naturally contaminated nuts and edible seeds

Type of nut or seed	Where collected	Sample size (g)	Salmonella levels (MPN/g)	References
Pecan, inshell	Processors, US	100 × 1 and 3 each: 25, 2.5, 0.25	44 samples: <0.0047 to 0.39 for 2010–14	Brar et al., 2016
Pistachio, raw inshell	Processors, US	100 × 1, multiple 50, and 3 each: 5.6, 0.56	11 samples (sinkers): 0.0046 21 samples (floaters): 0.012 to 0.43	Harris et al., 2016
Pistachio, raw (shelled)	Retail, US	3 tube: 100, 10, 1, 0.1, 0.01	4 samples: <0.003 3 samples: 0.0036, 0.0092, 0.092	Zhang et al., 2021
Walnut, raw inshell	Processors, US	375 × 1 and: 2 × 50 or 10 × 50 or 1 × 120	3 samples: 0.0032, 0.0038, 0.0042	Davidson et al., 2015
Seed				
Amaranth	Retail, Mexico	Not given	15 samples: <3.0 to 46	Juárez Arana et al., 2021
Chia	Retail, Mexico	Not given	31 samples: <3.0 to 76	Juárez Arana et al., 2021
Sesame	Retail, Mexico	Not given	12 samples: <3.0 to 43	Juárez Arana et al., 2021
Sesame	US points of entry	375 × 4 and 12 each: 100, 10, 1, 0.1	23 samples: 0.0006 to 0.042	Van Doren et al., 2013b
Mixed seeds (alfalfa, flax, melon, sesame, sunflower)	Retail, UK	10 tube: 10	4 samples: <0.1 2 samples: 0.1, 0.2	Willis et al., 2009

Type of nut or seed	Where collected	Sample size (g) ^a	No. of samples tested (n)	Assay	References
Almond, raw kernel	Processor receiving, California	MPN (limit of detection 0.3 MPN/g)	2,718	Generic <i>E. coli</i> (2580 negative; 95 positive at 0.3 to 46 MPN/g [two samples])	Bansal et al., 2010; Danyluk et al., 2007
Almond, raw inshell	Processor receiving, California	MPN (limit of detection 0.3 MPN/g)	15	Generic <i>E. coli</i> (13 negative; 2 positive at 0.3 to 0.7 MPN/g	Bansal et al., 2010
Almond, raw kernel	Processor receiving, Australia	25	60	Generic <i>E. coli</i> (none positive)	Eglezos et al., 2008
Almond, treated	RTE packages at processor, Australia	25	42	Generic <i>E. coli, Listeria monocytogenes</i> and coagulase-positive staphylococci (none positive)	Eglezos, 2010
Almond, inshell	Retail, Canada	25	86	E. coli O157:H7, generic E. coli (none positive)	CFIA, 2017
Almond, shelled	Retail, Canada	25	319	E. coli O157:H7, generic E. coli (none positive)	CFIA, 2017
Brazil nut	Processor receiving, Australia	25	60	Generic <i>E. coli</i> (none positive)	Eglezos et al., 2008
Brazil nut	RTE packages at processor, Australia	25	40	Generic <i>E. coli, Listeria monocytogenes,</i> coagulase-positive staphylococci (none positive)	Eglezos, 2010
Brazil nut, raw (shelled)	Retail, Brazil	not given	two 2-kg samples, subsample size not given	Generic <i>E. coli, Bacillus cereus, and Staphylococcus aureus</i> isolated from at least one sample	Freire and Offord, 2002
Brazil nut, inshell	Retail, Canada	25	7	E. coli O157:H7, generic E. coli (none positive)	CFIA, 2017
Brazil nut, shelled	Retail, Canada	25	67	E. coli O157:H7, generic E. coli (none positive)	CFIA, 2017
Cashew, raw	Processor receiving, Australia	25	100	Generic <i>E. coli</i> (none positive)	Eglezos et al., 2008
Cashew, raw	Processor, US	10	42	Generic <i>E. coli</i> (none positive by plating <0.60 log CFU/g)	Louvau and Harris, 2023
Cashew, treated	RTE packages at processor, Australia	25	45	Generic <i>E. coli, Listeria monocytogenes</i> and coagulase-positive staphylococci (none positive)	Eglezos, 2010
Cashew	Retail, Canada	25	201	E. coli O157:H7, generic E. coli (none positive)	CFIA, 2017
Chestnut, inshell	Retail, Canada	25	30	E. coli O157:H7, generic E. coli (none positive)	CFIA, 2017
Chestnut, shelled	Retail, Canada	25	5	E. coli O157:H7, generic E. coli (none positive)	CFIA, 2017
Coconut	Husked nuts from 5 countries	25 ml of lactose broth rinse (from 100 ml/nut)	15	Coagulase-positive staphylococci (none positive)	Kajs et al., 1976
Hazelnut, raw	Processor receiving, Australia	25	48	Generic <i>E. coli</i> (none positive)	Eglezos et al., 2008

Table 4. Prevalence of other foodborne pathogens (non-Salmonella) or generic E. coli on naturally contaminated nuts and edible seeds

Type of nut or seed	Where collected	Sample size (g) ^a	No. of samples tested (<i>n</i>)	Assay	References
Hazelnut, treated	RTE packages at processor, Australia	25	51	Generic <i>E. coli, Listeria monocytogenes</i> and coagulase-positive staphylococci (none positive)	Eglezos, 2010
Hazelnut, inshell	Retail, Canada	25	696	E. coli O157:H7, generic E. coli (none positive)	CFIA, 2017
Hazelnut, shelled	Retail, Canada	25	870	E. coli O157:H7, generic E. coli (none positive)	CFIA, 2017
Macadamia, shelled	Retail, Canada	25	5	E. coli O157:H7, generic E. coli (none positive)	CFIA, 2017
Peanut, inshell	Growers, Brazil	250 (10 × 25)	129	Generic <i>E. coli</i> (6 positive)	Nascimento et al., 2018
Peanut, inshell	Processor receiving, Brazil	250 (10 × 25)	20	Generic <i>E. coli</i> (none positive)	Nascimento et al., 2018
Peanut, inshell	Processor drying, Brazil	250 (10 × 25)	40	Generic <i>E. coli</i> (none positive)	Nascimento et al., 2018
Peanut, inshell	Retail, Brazil	250 (10 × 25)	3	Generic <i>E. coli</i> (none positive)	Nascimento et al., 2018
Peanut, inshell	Retail, Canada	25	233	E. coli O157:H7, generic E. coli (none positive)	CFIA, 2017
Peanut, shelled	Retail, Canada	25	106	E. coli O157:H7, generic E. coli (none positive)	CFIA, 2017
Peanut, raw shelled (runner)	Processors, US	350	10,162	Enterohemorrhagic <i>E. coli</i> (3/10,162 positive)	Miksch et al., 2013
Peanut, shelled ((raw and treated)	Processors, Brazil	250 (10 × 25)	125	Generic <i>E. coli</i> (none positive)	Nascimento et al., 2018
Peanut, shelled (raw and treated)	Retail, Brazil	250 (10 × 25)	25	Generic <i>E. coli</i> (none positive)	Nascimento et al., 2018
Peanut (raw whole 2; shelled 2)	Retail, Scotland	25	4	<i>Listeria</i> spp. and <i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> (none positive)	Candlish et al., 2001
Peanut, raw	Processor receiving, Australia	25	653	Generic <i>E. coli</i> (negative)	Eglezos et al., 2008
Peanut, treated	RTE packages at processor, Australia	25	343	Generic <i>E. coli, Listeria monocytogenes</i> and coagulase-positive staphylococci (none positive)	Eglezos, 2010
Peanut, shelled	Retail (bulk), Mexico	10	70	Generic <i>E. coli</i> (14/70 positive; <0.5–1.4 log MPN/g), <i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> (none positive)	Aguilar-Vázquez et al., 2022
Pecan, shelled	Retail (bulk), Mexico	10	70	Generic <i>E. coli</i> (9/70 positive; <0.5–1 log MPN/g), <i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> (none positive)	Aguilar-Vázquez et al., 2022
Pecan, inshell	Retail, Canada	25	40	E. coli O157:H7, generic E. coli (none positive)	CFIA, 2017
Pecan, shelled	Retail, Canada	25	86	E. coli O157:H7, generic E. coli (none positive)	CFIA, 2017
Pine nut, shelled	Retail, Canada	25	43	E. coli O157:H7, generic E. coli (none positive)	CFIA, 2017
Pistachio, raw whole	Retail, Scotland	25	2	Staphylococcus aureus (350 CFU/g)	Candlish et al., 2001
Pistachio, inshell	Retail, Canada	25	481	E. coli O157:H7, generic E. coli (none positive)	CFIA, 2017

Type of nut or seed	Where collected	Sample size (g) ^a	No. of samples tested (n)	Assay	References
Pistachio, shelled	Retail, Canada	25	22	E. coli O157:H7, generic E. coli (none positive)	CFIA, 2017
Walnut, raw inshell	Processor, California	375	2,903	<i>E. coli</i> O157:H7 (none positive)	Davidson et al., 2015
Walnut, raw inshell	Processor, California	MPN (limit of detection 0.3 MPN/g)	386	Generic <i>E. coli</i> (10 positive; 0.4 to 110 MPN/g)	Davidson et al., 2015
Walnut, inshell	Retail, Canada	25	792	E. coli O157:H7, generic E. coli (none positive)	CFIA, 2017
Walnut, shelled	Retail, Canada	25	874	E. coli O157:H7, generic E. coli (none positive)	CFIA, 2017
Walnut, raw	India (Kashmir and Jammu)	10	50	<i>Staphylococcus</i> spp. (5 positive) and <i>Bacillus cereus</i> (3 positive)	Riyaz-Ul-Hassan et al., 2003
Mixed nuts, inshell	Retail, Canada	25	35	<i>E. coli</i> O157:H7, generic <i>E. coli</i> (none positive)	CFIA, 2017
Mixed nuts, shelled	Retail, Canada	25	14	<i>E. coli</i> O157:H7, generic <i>E. coli</i> (none positive)	CFIA, 2017
Seeds – chia, flax, pumpkin, sesame, sunflower, or mixed seeds	Retail, Portugal	25	126 (18 for each seed type or mixed)	Generic <i>E. coli, Staphylococcus</i> (none positive)	Silva et al., 2022
Other – 13 unpackaged nuts, seeds and snacks ^b	Retail, Turkey	10	217	<i>E. coli</i> and <i>Salmonella</i> were found in 2.77% of samples; incidence of each microorganism alone not given <i>Staphylococcus, Micrococcus, Clostridium</i> <i>perfringens, Bacillus cereus</i> (negative)	Vural and Erkan, 2008

^a Sample size is the size of the sample that was enriched and used to determine the prevalence (percent positive samples).

^b Nuts incl. almond, hazelnut, peanut, walnut, Antep (Turkish) pistachio, and mixed nuts; seeds incl. Dakota sunflower, melon, pumpkin, and watermelon; samples also incl. roasted chickpea, sauced roasted chickpea, and sauced roasted corn.

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